IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA Alexandria Division

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

CR. NO. 14-cr-306

VS.

PEDRO ANTHONY ROMERO CRUZ,
JOSE LOPEZ TORRES,
JAIME ROSALES VILLEGAS,
ALVIN GAITAN BENITEZ,
CHRISTIAN LEMUS CERNA,
OMAR DEJESUS CASTILLO,
DOUGLAS DURAN CERRITOS,
MANUEL ERNESTO PAIZ,
JOSE DEL CID,
JESUS ALEJANDRO CHAVEZ,
JUAN CARLOS MARQUEZ AYALA,
ARAELY SANTIAGO VALLANUEVA,
GENARO SEN GARCIA,

Defendants.

September 15, 2015

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BEFORE: THE HONORABLE GERALD BRUCE LEE UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER: RENECIA A. WILSON, RMR, CRR

401 Courthouse Square, 5th FL

Alexandria, VA 22314

(703) 501 - 1580

APPEARANCES:

FOR THE GOVERNMENT: OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

BY: TOBIAS TOBLER, ESQ. STEPHEN CAMPBELL, ESQ. JULIA MARTINEZ, ESQ.

FOR THE DEFENDANTS: CHARLES BURNHAM, ESQ.

(For Pedro Romero Cruz)

ROBERT JENKINS, ESQ. (For Jose Lopez Torres)

GRETCHEN TAYLOR, ESQ.
(For Jaime Rosales Villegas)

JEFFREY ZIMMERMAN, ESQ. (For Alvin Gaitan Benitez)

FRANK SALVATO, ESQ. KEVA MCDONALD, ESQ. (For Christian Lemus Cerna)

KATHERINE MARTELL, ESQ. MEREDITH RALLS, ESQ. (For Omar Dejesus Castillo)

DWIGHT CRAWLEY, ESQ. JOHN ROCKECHARLIE, ESQ. (For Douglas Duran Cerritos)

DAVID BAUGH, ESQ.
MICHAEL CHICK, ESQ.
(For Manuel Ernesto Paiz Guevara

ELITA AMATO, ESQ. JEROME AQUINO, ESQ. (For Jesus Alejandro Chavez)

PLEASANT BRODNAX, ESQ.
DANIEL LOPEZ, ESQ.
(For Juan Carlos Marquez Ayala)

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(Thereupon, the following was heard in open
1
    court at 10:22 a.m.)
2
                 THE CLERK: 1:14 criminal 306. United States
 3
    versus Pedro Anthony Romero Cruz.
 4
                 And where is Mr. Burnham?
 5
                 MR. BURNHAM:
                               Right here.
 6
                 THE CLERK: Mr. Burnham, does your client
7
    waive his appearance?
8
                 MR. BURNHAM: He does. I have a written
9
    waiver I can hand up with the assistance of the court
10
    security.
11
                 THE COURT: All right.
12
                               I've shared it with the
                 MR. BURNHAM:
13
    government.
14
                 THE COURT:
                            The record should reflect that
15
    Mr. Pedro Anthony Romero Cruz is not present and has
16
    waived his appearance in writing which will be made a
17
    part of the record.
18
                 Before we go further, let's swear the
19
    interpreters, please.
20
                 Good morning.
21
                 THE CLERK: Three interpreter.
22
                 THE COURT: Ms. Anna Lefèvre, Ms. Angeles
23
    Estrada and Ms. Maria Horvath, will you act as
24
    interpreters for us today?
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THE INTERPRETERS: Yes, Your Honor.
1
                THE COURT: If you would take the oath from
2
    the clerk, please.
3
                 (Interpreters duly sworn.)
 4
                 THE INTERPRETER: I do for the record, Anna
 5
    Lurina Lefèvre, federally certified court interpreter.
 6
7
                 THE INTERPRETER:
                                   Angeles Estrada, also
    certified as well.
8
                THE INTERPRETER: Maria Horvath, also
    federally certified.
10
                THE CLERK: And United States also versus
11
    Jose Lopez Torres, Jaime Rosales Villegas, Alvin Gaitan
12
    Benitez, Christian Lemus Cerna, Omar Dejesus Castillo,
1.3
    Douglas Duran Cerritos, Manuel Ernesto Paiz Guevara.
14
    Jose Del Cid, Jesus Alejandro Chavez, Juan Carlos Marquez
15
    Ayala, Araely Santiago Villanueva, Genaro Sen Garcia.
16
                THE COURT: All right, counsel enter your
17
    appearances, please. Good morning.
18
                              Good morning, Your Honor.
                MR. TOBLER:
19
    Tobias Tobler, Stephen Campbell and Julia Martinez for
20
    the United States.
21
                MR. CAMPBELL: Good morning, Your Honor.
22
                MS. MARTINEZ:
                                Good morning, Your Honor.
23
                 MR. BURNHAM:
                               Good morning again, Your Honor.
24
    Charles Burnham here on behalf of Romero Cruz.
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THE COURT: Good morning.
1
                MS. AMATO: Good morning, Your Honor.
2
    Amato and Jerome Aquino on behalf of Mr. Chavez who is
3
    present and seated in the fourth seat.
 4
                THE COURT: Where is Mr. Chavez?
 5
                MS. AMATO: Third seat, excuse me.
 6
                THE COURT: Good morning, Mr. Chavez.
                                                         Thank
7
    you.
8
                MS. TAYLOR: Good morning, Your Honor.
    Gretchen Taylor on behalf of Jaime Rosales Villegas.
10
    He's in the back row left in the orange.
11
                THE COURT: Good morning.
12
                MR. CRAWLEY: Good morning, Your Honor.
13
    Dwight Crawley and John Rockecharlie on behalf of
14
    Mr. Douglas Duran Cerritos.
15
                THE COURT: Good morning.
16
                 MR. BRODNAX:
                               Good morning, Your Honor.
17
    Pleasant Brodnax and Daniel Lopez on behalf of Mr. Ayala
18
    Marquez.
19
                THE COURT: Good morning.
20
                Good morning, Mr. Ayala.
21
                MR. SALVATO: Good morning, Your Honor.
22
    Frank Salvato and Keva McDonald for Christian Lemus Cerna
23
    who is right here.
24
                THE COURT: Good morning.
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MR. JENKINS: Good morning, Your Honor.
                                                           May
1
    it please the Court. Robert Jenkins on behalf of
2
    Mr. Lopez Torres.
3
                 THE COURT:
                             Good morning, Mr. Lopez Torres.
 4
                 Good morning, Mr. Jenkins.
 5
                 MR. BAUGH: Good morning, Your Honor.
                                                         David
 6
    Baugh.
            My co-counsel is Michael Chick on behalf of the
7
    defendant, Guevara.
8
                 THE COURT: Good morning, Mr. Guevara.
                 Good morning, counsel.
10
                Good morning, Mr. Baugh.
11
                 Is that everyone?
12
                 MR. BAUGH: Good morning, Your Honor.
13
                 MR. ZIMMERMAN: Good morning, Your Honor.
14
    Jeffrey Zimmerman on behalf of Alvin Gaitan Benitez who
15
    is seated next to me in the red.
16
                 THE COURT:
                             Good morning, Mr. Benitez.
17
                 Good morning, Mr. Zimmerman.
18
                 MS. MARTELL: Good morning, Your Honor
19
    Katherine Martell on behalf of Omar Dejesus Castillo to
20
    my left and Meredith Ralls is for the defendant as well.
21
                 THE COURT: Good morning.
22
                 Have we covered everyone now? All right,
23
    good morning, counsel, and good morning each individual
24
    defendant and the government counsel.
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I have a list of motions that I think still
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    remain pending that has been provided to you or will be
2
    provided to you.
3
                Does everyone have a copy of it? All right.
 4
    Then maybe you all can tell me how you propose to
5
    proceed.
 6
7
                 I'm prepared to take up -- the motion seem to
    fall in groups of -- have to do with Brady material,
8
    Jencks, and Giglio, and I'm happy to hear from any lawyer
    who has filed such a motion that's on the list. And if
10
    you come to the podium, I'll take them up now.
11
                For purposes of the record, if you would
12
    identify yourself and your client.
13
                And I know that you all have filed motions to
14
    adopt various motions, and you should presume that
15
    whatever you filed is going to be included in the order
16
    and that you are part of the motion.
17
                MR. AQUINO: Good morning, Your Honor.
                                                          Jerry
18
    Aguino on behalf of Mr. Chavez.
19
                THE COURT: Which motion, Mr. Aguino?
20
                              I think it deals with the first
                MR. AQUINO:
21
    one, Judge, which is the discovery and Brady motion.
                                                            Ιt
22
    should be number one on the list, I believe.
23
                THE COURT: All right.
24
                MR. AQUINO: Just very briefly on that,
25
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you've ruled on most of the issues in your June -- sorry, September 11th order. It's just a couple issues that I thought would be helpful to take up with the Court.

The first deals with the issue about transcripts. And what I mean by that is my guess is to prove the racketeering acts in this case it's highly likely that the government is going to offer a number of transcripts into evidence. And my suggestion to the Court is that they be produced and identified 30 days in advance of trial.

And the reason I make that suggestion is we may not agree that the trans -- that there -- that their translation is accurate. And for that reason, we may want to get our own expert involved in that. And my concern is, is that if it comes too late in the game it's going to cause us some difficulty immobilizing, especially depending upon the volume of transcripts that they use.

So my suggestion is that we use a date of 30 days prior to trial that the government use, identifies and gives us copies of those transcripts that they intent to offer into evidence.

THE COURT: What transcripts are you referring to, for the calls?

MR. AQUINO: Yes, correct. In addition to

that, outstanding is also that was not addressed in the order is the question about expert testimony. Again, my suggestion is we treat it as a civil case. And by that, I mean, 60 days prior to trial for the government that they identify who their experts are and what they're going to say and it gives us time to immobilize and produce countervailing experts. And I would suggest that we have until 30 days prior to trial to identify those experts we may want to use in our case.

THE COURT: What part of the rules are you referring to that requires me to order them to --

MR. AQUINO: No part of the rules require that, Judge. I'm just suggesting that because I think it's an orderly way to handle the case. The problem is that if we get too close to trial, it creates a problem for us to prepare for trial as well as them to have to run out and get opposing experts depending upon what the government experts might say. So, I just think it provides a more orderly way of handling the expert issue.

If we get to 30 days prior to trial, it may not give us sufficient time to be able to immobilize and get a countervailing expert, again depending upon what expert they may choose.

THE COURT: Well, I need more specificity.

If there's some specific expert that you're concerned

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about, they already said the government is going to call some gang expert, something like that, either through someone who has been qualified as a former gang member or someone who has studied gangs is going to testify. We already know that.

Is there some forensic experts that you're thinking in your mind that you think ought to be identified?

MR. AQUINO: Again, I don't know. And the reason I say I don't know is because I don't know if the government intends to expand beyond the gang expert that we're talking about now. If they're going to add two or three more, it may create a problem for us in being able to obtaining countervailing experts in that 30-day span prior to trial. So it's just difficult to say.

THE COURT: Well, I appreciate your request. I guess I'm concerned about the absence of any specific area that you're concerned about. Because you have an idea what the parameter of the case is. It's a racketeering case involving some murders -- two murders and attempted murder.

MR. AQUINO: Understood.

THE COURT: So if you're talking about forensic pathologist, if you're talking about DNA, things like that, tell me.

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If you don't have any specific ones, it's
1
    hard for me to order them to do something to disclose
2
    their theory of the case and what their plans are to you
3
    well in advance of trial. Do you have anything?
 4
                MR. AQUINO: I don't, and maybe I could
 5
    suggest that you -- when the government gets up here that
 6
    you ask if there's anything beyond a gang expert that we
7
    should have to worry about, and then we might be in a
8
    better position to address that.
                THE COURT:
                            Okay. Thank you.
10
                MR. AQUINO: And then the last issue is I
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    know at some point today, the government wants to further
12
    address the Rule 15 deposition issues. I think just as
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    to parameters for them. They're already set for
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    October 20th.
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                THE COURT: They're set for October 20th?
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                MR. AQUINO: Yes, sir.
17
                THE COURT: All right, thank you.
18
    they're video depositions; is that right?
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                MR. AQUINO: Yes, I think that's one of the
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    issues the government wants to discuss.
21
                THE COURT: All right.
22
                MS. AMATO:
                           Good morning, again, Your Honor.
23
    Elita Amato also on behalf of Mr. Chavez.
24
                There were two motions Your Honor has
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identified on the list that Your Honor wanted to hear on. One is listed as number five which is defendant's motion for an order directing the government to provide impeachment evidence as to all hearsay declarants, and that was a motion document number 333.

Your Honor, in that motion I'm specifically requesting the government to provide us with impeachment material that would relate to any out-of-court declarant whose testimony or statements, excuse me, they intend to introduce through an in-court witness.

And, the rule --

THE COURT: What do you mean by that?

MS. AMATO: Well, Rule 806 provides a mechanism for us to impeach an out-of-court declarant who is -- whose statement is introduced through another witness.

So if the government puts on witness X and witness X discusses a statement that witness Y told him, Rule 806 permits us to impeach that witness Y. And, therefore, I'm asking the government to provide us impeachment material so that we can be in a position to impeach that out of court --

THE COURT: You have to give me some tangible hypothetical. I don't understand.

MS. AMATO: Well, again, if witness X

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testifies, let's say, that he heard witness Y state
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    something in regards to Mr. Chavez, for example, and
2
    witness Y does not take the stand, and that's why they
3
    have witness X give a statement that witness Y said, and
 4
    it is a hearsay statement, but let's say it's permitted
5
    under Rule 801. So we're hearing a witness that
 6
                                                          Ru1e
7
    witness -- that declarant Y said through witness X.
    806 permits us to impeach the out-of-court declarant
8
    which is Y, and --
                THE COURT: And so what do you want? Are you
10
    asking for prior record? Are you asking --
11
                MS. AMATO: Yes.
12
                THE COURT: Let me finish. Let me finish.
13
    Are you asking for prior record? Are you asking for
14
    prior inconsistent statements that the government's way
15
    aware of?
16
                MS. AMATO: Correct.
17
                THE COURT: That would be exculpatory,
18
    wouldn't it?
19
                MS. AMATO: Right, Your Honor. We'd be
20
    asking for any kind of juvenile adjudications, any prior
21
    convictions via out of court --
22
                THE COURT: You mean all of these would fall
23
    under 609, right?
24
                MS. AMATO: Right.
25
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THE COURT: Don't they have an obligation to 1 do that anyway, Ms. Amato? 2 MS. AMATO: Right, they do. Exactly, they 3 But we just want to make sure that they're on notice do. 4 that it's not just for the witnesses that they intend to 5 call but for any out-of-court declarants hearsay 6 statement that they elicit. 7 So we'd also like any promises that are 8 provided to an out-of-court declarant, anything like 9 that. So, yes, you're right, we believe the rules 10 require it. We just want to make sure they're aware of 11 that and they're on notice of that. 12 THE COURT: Well, the hypothetical you posit 13 to me is difficult to understand. But, as I understand 14 the basic rudiments of it, if the government offers a 15 witness who testifies that witness X said something and 16 then the government knows that witness X has given 17 inconsistent statement or has been given some deal or 18 money, they're required to disclose it. Is that what 19 you're saying? 20 MS. AMATO: Correct. 21 THE COURT: All right. Well, I think that's 22 encompassed in the discovery *Brady/Giglio*, but I 23 appreciate your motion. 24 MS. AMATO: Thank you. The other motion that 25

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I have filed that's also listed on the Court's list is the last one. It's number 11 which I believe also should be pretty self-explanatory. It's our request for the preservation of electronic mail. And that is particularly as to the government's Jencks requirements that we would request that they obviously preserve and then turn over any type of communication between any law enforcement and the government, any witnesses to law enforcement, anything that would be considered Jencks but that is being communicated as opposed to verbally, that is being communicated through text messages, through e-mails, any kind of electronic communication.

THE COURT: You're saying *Jencks* statements that are in e-mail?

MS. AMATO: Correct. Because in this day and age, clearly witnesses are communicating with law enforcement or with government counsel through e-mails, through text messages sometimes.

I mean, I've had myself, I've had potential defense witnesses who have communicated to me and provided me information about their testimony in an e-mail or even in a text. And so I want the government just to be put on notice that we are requesting and expecting those types of communications as well since they would also be *Jencks*.

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THE COURT: All right.
1
                MS. AMATO: Thank you, Your Honor.
2
                THE COURT: We'll take one more and give the
3
    government a chance to respond.
4
                Come up, Mr. Lopez.
5
                MR. LOPEZ: Thank you. Your Honor, good
 6
    morning.
              Daniel Lopez for Mr. Ayala who is present in
7
    court.
8
                Your Honor, this would be motion number 325,
    number two on the Court's list that was --
10
                THE COURT: All right.
11
                MR. LOPEZ: -- provided this morning.
12
    Your Honor, as you can see in the motion, we're asking
13
    for as early disclosures of the Jencks material and the
14
    Brady and Giglio materials. And I do note that Your
15
    Honor has ruled on this issue for informant testimony,
16
    and this would be non-informant testimony is the way that
17
    I'm reading the Court's ruling -- the order that was
18
    released -- signed on 11th of September.
19
                Your Honor, what we're asking the Court to do
20
    is to -- we would like this Jencks material now, Your
21
    Honor. I understand the Court's hesitancy in some
22
    aspect --
23
                THE COURT: If you would address that, that
24
    would help me because the government has said that there
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are security reasons not to release prematurely months in advance the identities of individuals who may be witnesses because of the risk that there might be some retaliation or intimidation of witnesses which we know has occurred in the past in cases where there have been allegations involving MS-13. These are allegations. Nonetheless, there have been instances in this court we're very aware that has occurred.

So what's your response? What should I do about all that?

MR. LOPEZ: Yes, Your Honor. Your Honor, this Court has issued protective orders already in one matter for a witness who may be removed. There's also matters that I wasn't personally involved in litigation, but I just reading the electronic filing where it appears that there were protective orders also issued.

And I would suggest to the Court that myself and my colleagues would, of course, follow the Court's order and not reveal this information to anybody, including our clients, only to the extent permitted in the order, which would guarantee the safety of these witnesses.

Your Honor, the entire -- my understanding is most of these folks are incarcerated at this point, either for this case or in hands of ICE or other law

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enforcement officials.
1
                THE COURT: That has not stopped individuals
2
    from being accused of engaging in retaliatory activities
3
    even from the jail. I understand what you're saying, but
 4
    there's a balancing here. And we're now seven months
5
    away from trial.
 6
7
                Why would you need it seven months ahead of
    trial, Mr. Lopez?
8
                MR. LOPEZ: Well, Your Honor, obviously in a
    case of this magnitude with very severe consequences for
10
    Mr. Ayala, the more time we have to investigate, the
11
    better is it for Mr. Ayala, the better we can effectively
12
    represent Mr. Ayala.
13
                However, in striking the balance, Your Honor,
14
    I would suggest to the Court then perhaps 90 days before
15
    trial would be an adequate point to give the defense the
16
    time with this information to investigate what's
17
    contained in it, to verify any of these statements, look
18
    at impeachment, et cetera.
19
                THE COURT: So your proposal is 90 days
20
    before trial --
21
                MR. LOPEZ: Yes, sir.
22
                THE COURT:
                           -- with a protective order
23
    concerning the identities of the witnesses. Is that
24
    right?
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MR. LOPEZ: Yes, Your Honor, and their statements.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. LOPEZ: And, Your Honor, that would also apply to the -- to the *Brady* material, although I understand and the government does acknowledge it's an ongoing duty. But I would suggest that they have their similar concerns. And to that extent that they have security concerns, I would suggest the Court that 90-day would be appropriate.

And there are some individuals perhaps their safety concerns aren't quite as heightened and that would be any sort of impeachment evidence of law enforcement officer who are involved in the case and whose names are already out there on some of the documents that are available to counsel.

And of course, counsel being mindful of what's happened in the past, Your Honor, we would not -- at least I can let Your Honor know that I would not spread those names around in any place where those people would be subject to --

THE COURT: What type of impeachment evidence do you think that the government may have in law enforcement that should be disclosed 90 days in advance of trial, Mr. Lopez?

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MR. LOPEZ: Your Honor, there are instances
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    where law enforcement might have been reprimanded by
2
    officials for unethical conduct during the course of
3
    their duties or actual -- and, Your Honor, I'm not trying
 4
    to cast --
5
                THE COURT: This is your -- you're doing your
 6
    job. You're saying that if some officer that has been
7
    reprimanded for lying in court?
8
                MR. LOPEZ: Yes, sir, any sort of perjury
    testimony, manufacturing evidence, any questionable
10
    procedures on handling evidence, that sort of thing, Your
11
    Honor.
12
                THE COURT: All right. That would be
13
    exculpatory, wouldn't it?
14
                MR. LOPEZ: It would be, Your Honor.
15
                THE COURT: All right.
16
                MR. LOPEZ: Your Honor, thank you. That's
17
    all we have.
18
                THE COURT: I'm going to go back to the
19
              I'm going to give the government counsel a
20
    chance to respond what's been presented so far so we can
21
    stay on the same page.
22
                MR. TOBLER:
                              Thank you, Your Honor.
23
    first take up that last matter that was discussed by
24
    defense counsel.
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As Your Honor alluded to at the outset, this question of *Jencks* and *Brady* and *Giglio* arises in several of the pending motions. So I'll try to respond to all of those at once for purposes of efficiency. They all seek the same basic relief which is early disclosure of *Jencks*, *Brady* and *Giglio* materials.

THE COURT: They do, but it would be helpful to me if you focus on the things that the defense counsel has brought up now, so that I'm not just making a general ruling and not taking into account, for example -- do you agree Mr. Lopez says that if some law enforcement witness has received a reprimand for lying in court, manufacturing evidence or things like that, that may not be the subject of a criminal conviction -- I was just at a meeting this weekend where a states attorney told the audience that she has something called a do-not-call list. And these were officers who the prosecutor determined that there would be questions about their credibility.

And so, there were certain police officers that they didn't call -- her office had a policy not to call them. I don't know if you have such a thing. But I'm curious as to whether, if there is such a thing or issues of fabricating evidence or manufacturing evidence, you would agree that would be exculpatory, don't you?

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MR. TOBLER: We certainly would agree with
1
    that, Your Honor.
2
                THE COURT: Would there be any reason to
3
    withhold that 90 days before the trial --
4
                MR. TOBLER: Your Honor --
5
                THE COURT: -- for police officers or --
 6
                MR. TOBLER: Yes, Your Honor, we do believe
7
    that that -- it's more critical from our standpoint of
8
    our safety concerns to withhold information involving
    witnesses that are not law enforcement officers.
10
                THE COURT: My question had to do with police
11
    officers --
12
                MR. TOBLER: Yes, Your Honor.
13
                THE COURT: -- or agents who have issues with
14
    lying in court, manufacturing evidence, or prosecutors
15
    who do not call them because of their testimony in cases.
16
                MR. TOBLER:
                              My apologies, Your Honor.
17
    answer your question, I believe that 90 days before trial
18
    for any impeachment materials for law enforcement is a
19
    reasonable deadline and that we would be able to meet
20
    that deadline.
21
                THE COURT: All right.
22
                              If I can turn to the other
                MR. TOBLER:
23
    evidence, Your Honor, the approach to discovery
24
    obligations that the government has taken in this case.
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THE COURT: I -- I want to focus on what has 1 been argued so that that doesn't get lost. 2 MR. TOBLER: Sure. 3 THE COURT: And I've read your opposition, 4 vou're 48 page brief. And it's very helpful and very 5 comprehensive. But I need to focus on what's being 6 presented specific requests under *Brady* have a different 7 set of review as you know. So I'm trying to focus on 8 those first. MR. TOBLER: Absolutely. 10 THE COURT: So, there was request by 11 Ms. Amato about e-mail and text messages, statements from 12 What about that? witnesses. 1.3 MR. TOBLER: Yes, in response to that motion, 14 as set forth in the government's papers, the government 15 is aware of its requirements under *Jencks*. It has also 16 taken pains to make sure that all law enforcement 17 investigative agencies that are working on this case are 18 also aware of their obligations under *Jencks*. 19 And as a point of fact as the Court may be 20 aware, the Department of Justice has a policy of 21 preserving all e-mail for up to five years. So that 22 e-mail is not going anywhere. And we've met all 23 obligations under *Jencks* so far and will continue to meet 24 those obligations moving forward. 2.5

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THE COURT: Have you received e-mail from
witnesses or text messages from witnesses that have been
sent to law enforcement? Are those preserved?
            MR. TOBLER: With the Court's indulgence one
second.
            THE COURT: Uh-huh. The example I'm thinking
of is suppose some witness who has been in touch with
some agent, text message the witness --
            MR. TOBLER: Yes, Your Honor.
            THE COURT: -- the officer and says, look,
you know, I really don't want to come to court. And by
the way, I think what I told you before is not the truth
but in a text message. That would be a statement by the
witness, wouldn't it?
            MR. TOBLER:
                        I agree, Your Honor, and I
understand the question. The government isn't currently
in possession of those sorts -- of that sort of
information, that sort of Jencks material. But as I
stated before, we certainly made law enforcement aware of
its ongoing obligations to preserve those Jencks
materials and we will do that moving forward.
            If we come into possession of any such
materials like that --
            THE COURT: Will you affirmatively tell
police officers who interview witnesses that if they
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receive text messages or e-mails from witnesses to
1
    preserve them.
                    Will you do that?
2
                MR. TOBLER: Yes, sir.
3
                THE COURT:
                            All right. So you wouldn't have
 4
    any problem my ordering you to do that, would you?
5
                MR. TOBLER:
                             Excuse me.
 6
                THE COURT: You wouldn't have any problem my
7
    ordering you to do that, would you?
8
                MR. TOBLER: No, Your Honor.
                Moving to the motion for an index or
10
    transcripts of calls, multiple defendants in this case
11
    have requested that the government produce transcripts of
12
    the calls at a date certain prior to trial.
13
                THE COURT: I know you have an agenda and I'm
14
    trying to follow mine. And the reason I've asked the
15
    lawyers to come up with their specific arguments is I
16
    wanted to address them.
17
                So the next thing I have on my list has to do
18
    with expert testimony from the government. Mr. Aguino
19
    wants 60 days in advance for ID. He wants to use some
20
    civil rules.
21
                I'm not really familiar with what experts
22
    beyond the gang expert you plan to call. I guess you
23
    call the pathologist and people with blood and things
24
    like that given the scene of the two alleged murders and
2.5
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alleged attempted murder.
1
                Are there other experts that I'm missing that
2
    you might be calling?
3
                MR. TOBLER: No. Your Honor. We --
 4
                THE COURT: I'm not trying to make you reveal
 5
    your case now.
                    I'm just curious.
 6
                              I understand that and I
7
                MR. TOBLER:
    appreciate that, Your Honor. And I think it's reasonable
8
    to assume at this point that there will be an expert, one
    expert we anticipate at this time on the gang in general,
10
    also, a medical examiner and a forensic expert, along
11
    those lines.
12
                But, as Your Honor mentioned we're not
13
    prepared today, of course, to disclose all of the experts
14
    that we will ultimately be calling at trial.
15
                But in any event, we do believe that the
16
    30 days for expert disclosure as set forth in the
17
    proposed discovery order, Exhibit 1 to the memorandum,
18
    that we've attached, issued a memorandum that we
19
    submitted in response to the defendant's motion is a
20
    sufficient period of time for expert disclosures for the
21
    defense as well as for the prosecution.
22
                THE COURT: But you're talking about 30 days
23
    before trial?
24
                MR. TOBLER: That's correct. Your Honor.
2.5
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THE COURT: Well, I guess the question I have is given the complexity of the case and the fact that it is a complex case and the number of defendants here, when do you expect them to digest your notice of expert and have time to identify an expert, get ready for trial, jury selection? Isn't this a case where 30 days might need to be bumped back to 45 or 60?

We're talking about experts. We're not talking about something that's going to surprise the defendants that someone is dead. It's going to be a fact that a pathologist would say.

And if there's -- a gang expert is going to say what the gang expert is going to say. We already know what they say. MS-13 is a gang. We got that part.

MR. TOBLER: Thank you, Your Honor. We understand and appreciate that it's a complex case, that's why the date, the 30 days in advance of trial was proposed and our proposed discovery order as opposed to what's typical in this court which is a period of ten days.

We do believe that the government will need 30 days to properly examine the materials as you say, as they come over from the defendants. And that's also a period of time that's appropriate for the defendants when they're reviewing expert disclosures from the government.

So, in other words, we have already attempted

to account for the fact that this is an especially 2 complex trial and proposing that 30-day period as opposed 3 to ten days which is typical in this court, Your Honor. 4 THE COURT: All right. And, as it relates to 5 the transcript of the calls, I -- as I understand, 6 7 Mr. Aguino's concern, he thinks there might be some dispute about the interpretation of the calls. And I 8 guess my question to you would be you've already disclosed the actual tapes in Spanish; is that right? 10 MR. TOBLER: That's correct, Your Honor. 11 THE COURT: And these defendants have 12 resources to hire their own interpreter to listen to the 13 calls. 14 MR. TOBLER: We believe so, Your Honor. 15 THE COURT: All right. So --16 MR. TOBLER: That being said, Your Honor, I 17 would add that although the government has taken the 18 position as Your Honor is aware in its papers that we are 19 not required to disclose transcripts well in advance of 20 trial. 21 We've reviewed that request. I believe it 22 came in one instance from the defendant, Paiz Guevara and 23 we do believe that it's reasonable for the government to 24 produce transcripts of recordings that it intends to use 2.5

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at trial. And we believe a period in advance of trial,
1
    perhaps 30 to 60 days as the defendants have requested
2
    would be appropriate.
3
                THE COURT: All right. Well, pick 30 days or
 4
    60.
        Which one do you want?
5
                MR. TOBLER:
                              Excuse me.
 6
                THE COURT: Thirty or 60?
7
                MR. TOBLER:
                              Sixtv.
8
                THE COURT: Sixty would be fine. These are
9
    transcripts of the audio recordings that the government
10
    has and plans to used in evidence; is that correct?
11
                MR. TOBLER:
                              That's correct, Your Honor, that
12
    it plans to use in evidence.
13
                THE COURT:
                             Okay. All right. Let me take up
14
    the next set. You see what I'm doing?
15
                MR. TOBLER: I do now, Your Honor.
16
                MR. CHICK: Your Honor, if I may briefly on
17
    that order --
18
                THE COURT: I haven't entered any order yet,
19
    but come on up. I'm trying to give you all a chance who
20
    wants to be heard, to be heard on these matters.
21
                And then the other motions that you have that
22
    you want to be heard on, I'm taking them up according to
23
    my schedule here, this list that I gave you all.
24
                Come to the podium and tell me your name.
2.5
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Because they're so many people here, each person has to
1
    identify themselves.
2
                MR. Chick: Yes, sir. Mike Chick, C-H-I-C-K
3
    on behalf of Mr. Paiz Guevara.
4
                I just heard the Court and the government
5
    discussing the transcripts. I just wanted to make
6
    sure -- I think I understand but I just want to make sure
7
    that we're all on the same page, that those transcripts
8
    have been -- are going to be in English as opposed to the
    Spanish language transcripts. I know it's a silly
10
    question, but I just want to make sure that -- that we're
11
    all on the same page about that.
12
                THE COURT: You're right, Mr. Chick, silly
13
    question.
14
                MR. Chick: Thank you, Your Honor. I know,
15
    know.
16
                THE COURT:
                            It is, I mean.
17
                Come on.
                          Next.
18
                MS. AMATO: Your Honor, excuse me. I just
19
    wanted to follow up with that. Elita Amato, Mr. Chavez.
20
                I know that different prosecutor's offices
21
    handle these transcripts differently. And I'd like to
22
    know and I'd be asking, actually for the government to
23
    provide a transcript where there's a Spanish on one side
24
    of the page and the English on the other so that may --
25
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that's naturally the appropriate way that the transcript
1
    should be done since the actual language is being spoken
2
    is in Spanish. And so that way, one can compare it much
3
    better with it in Spanish and in English and review it.
 4
                THE COURT: I appreciate it, Ms. Amato. What
5
    you're going to get is English transcripts. And if you
6
7
    want to have them side by side, you just pull up your
    Spanish transcript, put it side by side. I'm not going
8
    to make them draw some format like that, typically a
    transcript that is produced just in English.
10
                MS. TAYLOR: Your Honor, if I may ask a
11
    question. Gretchen Taylor --
12
                THE COURT: Yes, Ms. Taylor.
13
                MS. TAYLOR: -- on behalf of Rosales
14
    Villegas.
15
                Are the parties in the transcript going to be
16
    identified? So, you know, the government claims that my
17
    client, for instance, is one of the speakers, and maybe
18
    another defendant --
19
                THE COURT: I don't think that they're
20
    required to do that. If they decide to do that, that's
21
    great. Unless the speaker identifies himself in the
22
    call, the government's not required to tell you who they
23
    think the person speaker is. So I'm not going to make
24
    them do that.
2.5
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If the speaker says, hi, I'm Joe and I'm
1
    talking on the phone, that's one thing.
                                              They're just
2
    going to give you a transcript, period. You understand?
3
                MS. TAYLOR:
                              I understand, Your Honor. I'm
 4
    just worried about there are hearsay concerns if it's not
5
    a party to the case, and if they're identified by, you
 6
    know, informant X or whatever is fine. I just want to
7
    make sure that we know the parties to the case if they're
8
    identified so that, you know, if my client says no,
    that's not me, I know which ones they're claiming are
10
    him, et cetera.
11
                THE COURT: That's a matter of proof. You'll
12
    be able to cross-examine on that.
13
                MS. TAYLOR: Yes, Your Honor.
14
                              Good morning, Your Honor.
                MR. SALVATO:
15
    Frank Salvato for Christian Lemus Cerna. And Keva
16
    McDonald is my co-counsel.
17
                Your Honor, to circle back, I just want to
18
    make clear for the record we do join Mr. Lopez's request
19
    for that 90-day time period with regard to Jencks with a
20
    protective order.
21
                I don't know if the Court --
22
                THE COURT: I have footnotes in my notes that
23
    all individuals would joined each other's motions. So if
24
    this -- what this is, is that everyone has already done
2.5
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that.
1
                MR. SALVATO: I don't know if the Court
2
    finalized its ruling with respect to Jencks and Giglio
3
    and the timeframe.
 4
                THE COURT: No, I haven't issued any ruling.
 5
    I'm going to issue a written order once I finish the
 6
7
    hearing.
                MR. SALVATO: So, we would join that, Your
8
    Honor. We would certainly abide by any terms of a
9
    protective order and certainly not even share that with
10
    our client.
11
                I think Jencks and Giglio, 90 days in
12
    advance, considering the points made by Mr. Lopez, the
13
    complexity of the case, the severity of the consequences
14
    and I think all counsel would abide by any protective
15
    order that the Court would issue. So we would ask for --
16
                THE COURT: Have you had a case where you had
17
    three months disclosure of Jencks material, Mr. Salvato,
18
19
    ever?
                MR. SALVATO: I don't believe so, Your Honor,
20
    however --
21
                THE COURT: I don't either.
22
                MR. SALVATO: I've never had a case that
23
    looked like this scenario either, in 26 years of being in
24
    the --
2.5
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THE COURT: Have you had a death penalty
1
    case, Mr. Salvato?
2
                MR. SALVATO:
                               I did, Your Honor.
3
                THE COURT: And did you get the Jencks
 4
    material 90 days in advance of a death penalty case?
5
                MR. SALVATO: It was certainly well in
 6
    advance of trial.
7
                THE COURT: It wasn't 90 days. It might have
8
    been 30 days, but it wouldn't have been 90 days.
9
                MR. SALVATO: It may have been, but
10
    considering the amount of -- the sheer volume of this
11
    case in terms of the defendants, 7,000 phone calls that
12
    we're still dealing with, and the sheer enormity of the
1.3
    case, and also the fact that the Court can impose a
14
    protective order with regard to the Jencks material -- I
15
    don't believe -- I don't recall whether there was a
16
    protective order in that previous case or not.
17
                But given all of those factors, I think
18
    certainly something in advance of 30 days, if not
19
    approaching 90 days would be appropriate, considering the
20
    specific facts of this case, Your Honor.
21
                THE COURT: Thank you.
22
                MR. SALVATO: So I would join with regard to
23
    that, Your Honor.
24
                THE COURT: What I'm trying to tell you,
25
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Mr. Salvato, you've already joined everything that you were given in writing. So I don't want to have every lawyer to come up and say I join in what Mr. Lopez said or Mr. Aquino said. It's not helpful to me. MR. SALVATO: I understand, Your Honor. And the 60 days -- the only other issue with regard to our client that I believe is pending is some type of index with regard to these phone calls that we have received. That's item number seven or item number six which is document number 348. And if I could just be heard for about 30 seconds. THE COURT: Number six, index. Tell me what you're asking for. MR. SALVATO: This is what we're asking for, Your Honor. What we're asking for specifically is an index. And it can be a rolling index. It doesn't need to be a final index, but an index that the government has by defendant identifying which individuals the government contends are on call that they intend to introduce. So, we're asking --THE COURT: You want the government to commit to the identity of the callers in the recordings? MR. SALVATO: If they know them. So, if they have an index now of a call between my client and say, Mr. Lopez's client which they know they're going to

introduce at trial and they already intend to introduce that call, they know it's between these two individuals, that would be extremely helpful in our process of having our -- the other calls and, in fact, that call independently translated.

So, we're asking for an index of the calls that they intend to introduce at trial identifying, if they know, the callers that are within that call by defendant.

And let me tell you why I have that request, Your Honor. We've spoken to the translators on the defense side that are undertaking this task. And as I understand it, Your Honor, the defense has completed only approximately 25 percent of the 7,000 or so phone calls.

There is apparently an effort to bring in about 3 or 4 new or additional translators in order to complete this task. I can tell the Court that a one-minute phone call takes about one hour for the translators to finish.

And what the translators have informed us is that it would be extremely helpful for their job to get some specificity as to calls that are clearly irrelevant and other calls which seem to have more meat on the bones.

THE COURT: I may be misreading the

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government's response. I had the impression that the
    government gave you a list of calls it deemed to be most
    pertinent without committing to those calls. Did you
    receive that?
                MR. SALVATO: Correct, we have received that.
                THE COURT:
                            So, are your translators focusing
    on those calls first?
                MR. SALVATO: We're focusing on those calls.
                THE COURT: First, first?
                MR. SALVATO: But a lot of those calls are --
    the individuals on the call are not identified.
    might be unidentified male talking to unidentified male,
    which makes it particularly difficult if we get a call
1.3
    between two unidentified males to then take every call
    then back to our clients to say, is this you on the call?
    Who are they talking about, et cetera.
                If we have an index, Your Honor, of -- and
    all we're asking for if the government already has an
    index by defendant and they've identified the people on
    those particular calls, that would be extremely helpful
    in --
                THE COURT: How would the government be able
22
    to know in advance who was speaking on each of these
23
    calls, Mr. Salvato?
24
                MR. SALVATO: Well, I think some of the calls
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2.5

may be between informants and clients. Some of these calls may be from specific phone numbers that they have identified to a particular defendant.

So, there are circumstances where I am sure the -- the government at some point, as we're sitting here at trial, will have to connect the phone calls to a particular defendant. And I'm sure that process has started, if not been completed.

So, all -- all I'm asking for in my index is a rolling index. It doesn't have to be a final index. It can be a draft index of calls that the government intends to introduce as per each defendant, and if they have it, if they have it, who is on that particular call. So, that's what we're asking for in terms of our index.

Then we can take that back to our translators, back to our clients more specifically without taking 7,000 phone calls between unidentified male and unidentified male to my client. That's simply an unworkable proposition, even given the government's position that they'll get the transcripts to us 60 days in advance.

Other than that, Your Honor, those are the two points I wanted to make, the 90 days in advance in terms of *Jencks* and *Giglio* and also an index with respect to the phone calls.

THE COURT: Well, I'm not going to let make them tell you who they think is the caller. I don't think they're required to do that. And, I think that if they're wrong about who they think it is, that that would then be a matter for you to impeach.

And I think -- I have an order here back in May where the defense has had resources and has had resources for four months and it's still seven months before trial.

So if you're saying, you can't get it done in 11 months, then I guess it won't be done. But I've given you all the resources you need to do it. But I'm not going to make them outline for you who they think the speakers are because they're not required to do that. And you have the resources now to order your own transcripts. And you have your own interpreters, so you can pay for them.

Those are trial matters. If you want to draw up an index and have the ones they give you, the pertinent calls that they think they're going to use, they're not committing to that. They've given you some outline. That's all I'm going to give you.

MR. SALVATO: I appreciate it, Your Honor.

MR. CRAWLEY: Good morning, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Good morning.

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MR. CRAWLEY: Dwight Crawley on behalf of
1
    Mr. Cerritos.
2
                THE COURT:
                           Which motion are you speaking to,
3
    Mr. Crawley, that's on my list?
4
                 MR. CRAWLEY: I wanted back to Ms. Taylor's
5
    request that the Court order the government to identify
 6
    the individuals in the transcripts that they are
7
    preparing to use at trial.
8
                And, I think --
                THE COURT: Were you just here a moment ago
10
    when I just had that argument about identities?
11
                MR. CRAWLEY:
                               I did.
12
                THE COURT: Okay. So you've heard me address
13
    that twice. Do you have something new to say about it?
14
                               I have a question, Your Honor.
                MR. CRAWLEY:
15
                THE COURT: All right.
16
                 MR. CRAWLEY:
                               It would seem to me that if
17
    they're providing us transcripts that they're actually
18
    prepared to use at trial, then it would not be cumbersome
19
    or a burden to the government to identify who those
20
    individuals are. These are the transcripts that they're
21
    telling the Court that they're going to use at trial.
22
    So, at trial, they have to identify who the speaker is.
23
                So, why would the Court not require them to
24
    tell us who that speaker is.
25
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THE COURT: I just told you. Thank you.
1
                All right. The next set of motions anyone
2
    want to be heard on that's on my list?
3
                MR. BAUGH:
                            David Baugh, Your Honor, for the
 4
    defendant, Paiz Guevara, only because no one else jumped
5
    up. We have the --
 6
                THE COURT: Which motion are you referring to
7
    on the list, Mr. Baugh?
8
                MR. BAUGH: Yes, number three.
                THE COURT: All right.
10
                MR. BAUGH: His motion for immediate tender
11
    of Giglio materials. I know you've already ruled on when
12
    they have to give up the Giglio. However, it goes to two
13
    things.
14
                One, we would ask for the protective order as
15
    well in the 90 days, because most of my training in this
16
    goes back to the Beckford case wherein we -- we need not
17
    only to know what convictions they're getting forbearance
18
    from, but we need to find out -- since the Ogden,
19
    O-G-D-E-N memo, which I cited came out of the Department
20
    of Justice, the extent of the government Giglio offer has
21
    been turned on its head. We listed it.
22
                Not only --
23
                THE COURT: Excuse me. Okay, sorry.
24
                MR. BAUGH: Yes, sir. We put a list in there
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and I won't run over it again, but I mean things like S
1
    Visas which normally is not given up, relocation
2
    assistance, also the contra things, member in other
3
    gangs, relationship with the victim, relationship with
 4
    the defendant. That is the extent of the Giglio.
5
                And when that information comes to us, we
 6
    need time to investigate it. And in this type of case,
7
    investigation can be very involved and sometimes you run
8
    into obstructions.
                So, I would state that I would ask for the 90
10
    days with protective order as well and that the order
11
    reflect when tendering Giglio that it include those items
12
    listed under the DOJ memo of the sort of benefits the
13
    government can give and whether or not they've done it.
14
                And additionally, not only do we need to
15
    know --
16
                THE COURT: So, you're saying you want to
17
    specify that they have ascertained the items in the Ogden
18
19
    memo?
                MR. BAUGH: Yes, Your Honor, determine if
20
    they did -- if it was done or not.
21
                THE COURT: Uh-huh.
22
                MR. BAUGH: And additionally that they give
23
    us not only a list of -- well, in the Ogden memo, they do
24
    address this and that is issue of forbearance where if a
2.5
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man could be charged with murder and instead they charged
1
    him with littering or something like that --
2
                THE COURT: That's Brady material. You agree
3
    with that, right?
4
                MR. BAUGH: I would agree that is Brady
5
    material and I understood for the first time your concern
 6
    about this balancing and security, particularly since
7
    last time I was in front of you in front on one of these
8
    matters many years ago, we didn't have the Virginia State
    Bar LEO 1862 that says that has recognized that trial
10
    lawyers need this information not only to present at
11
    trial but to investigate it so it can be presented at
12
    trial.
1.3
                And to give us to -- you've said 90 days,
14
    actually I'd like as much as humanly possible. But if we
15
    can get it 90 days with a protective order, we can get
16
    our investigators or ourselves out and find out, because
17
    many of these cases are confidential informant-driven
18
    cases. And the credibility of the confidential informant
19
    is a vital issue at these trials.
20
                So, we have --
21
                THE COURT: Some of the witnesses actually
22
    may be people who were present and may have been involved
23
    in these things. You suspect that, Mr. Baugh?
24
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Yes, sir.

MR. BAUGH:

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THE COURT: Well then, I -- I want to say out
1
    loud that I've looked at your list on pages 6, 7 and 8 of
2
    your --
3
                MR. BAUGH: That's Mr. Ogden's list.
 4
                THE COURT: Yes. Well, it's your list in
 5
    your motion that you filed Document 354, and I have it in
 6
    front of me.
7
                And, the government has an obligation to
8
    produce all these things. There's no question about
9
    that. And, I think that they have a specific obligation
10
    to disclose it with respect to anyone that is going to
11
    testify at the trial that they plan to offer.
12
                I guess the concern I have is the one that I
13
    addressed earlier and that is these things about S Visas,
14
    monetary benefits, you don't get all of that. So, I'm
15
    not sure what more there would be to investigate about
16
    how much money the government gave you.
17
                Maybe there is more to do, but I'm concerned
18
    about the issue of witness security. And, so if you have
19
    some ideas about that, I'll hear them.
20
                MR. BAUGH: Yes, Your Honor. It may be a
21
    two-step process. And I was listening to your security
22
               Many of these things can be done with the
23
    concerns.
    identification redacted.
24
                If -- if -- if there's some particular
25
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issues, if they can say that witness X received X number of dollars, we can't really investigate that. But we could do more than not knowing it happened. So, I would say that where necessary, we're going to have to balance, Your Honor, with security and you're going to have to -- I understand the security concerns, and I understand the Court's security concerns and I know that there's a history of that. However, I come back to the fact that I'm representing that man over there, and he's my only And I'm not going to tell him the names, and I concern. swear to God I won't. THE COURT: I know. As an officer of the Court and experienced attorney as you are, I'm confident that you will not. However, I cannot necessarily leave the witness security to the good faith statements of the officer of the court. I know each of the defense counsel here have appeared in this court before and they have representations for integrity and being vigorous fighters on behalf of their client. That's why most of you are here. MR. BAUGH: Thank you. THE COURT: But, the issue is one of

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protecting witness identity in advance of trial and
1
    trying to balance that with the defendant's right to
2
    information.
3
                Basic information about plea agreements,
 4
    you're going to get that anyway. And all of you are
5
    very experienced. I've seen you all cross-examine the
 6
    snitch and the testifying witness with the plea
7
    agreement. I know exactly what you're going to do. You
8
    know what you're going to do about that.
                The hickey stuff, when I say hickey, I mean
10
    things like mental health, addictions, things like that,
11
    may require some more information. But, I'm struggling
12
    with how to do that and not compromise witness security.
13
                And I'm inviting you all for suggestion and
14
    it sounds like your suggestion is either 90 days or
15
    30 days, judge. And if you have another suggestion, now
16
    is your time to tell me.
17
                MR. BAUGH: Your Honor, I will settle for the
18
              I understand there's a balancing --
    90 days.
19
                            I didn't say I would give you
                THE COURT:
20
    90 days. I said that's your position. That's your
21
    position is 90 days.
22
                MR. BAUGH: I'm sorry.
23
                THE COURT: And the government's position is
24
    30 days, and I'm trying to see if they're -- so far
25
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nobody has had a solution. I've been trying to think of one, too. But I don't have a solution that meets your need. And I don't think we're going to have that many witnesses with -- and without even knowing how many might have been to mental institutions or drug treatment programs that may have some information that bears on their truth telling.

Other than that, I don't really -- the rest of the stuff, plea agreement and how much money they paid, they're going to give you that anyway and you know what to do with that.

MR. BAUGH: Your Honor, some of the things I've seen for some of these young people, they have juvenile problems. They have school problems, school counselor problems. They're all out there, and they're all indicating impact on credibility.

THE COURT: Well, 609 is limited. You know, what some kid did in junior high school is not impeachable, right?

MR. BAUGH: No, no. It may not be impeachable by itself, but it could be the source of investigation -- if we find out that he did something that by itself was not impeachable, we all have the obligation to look under all the rocks and find out the people who were involved in that situation so that we can

```
develop it and do something impeachable. Something
1
    that -- I mean, if it's impeachable, something that
2
    qualifies under the rules of evidence for impeachment.
3
                It's not just the information. We have to be
 4
    able to follow up on it.
5
                So, I understand the Court's concern for
 6
    the -- and, you know, I don't -- I'm not in the Solomonic
7
    position to be able to cut that baby.
8
                THE COURT: I'm going to make a decision.
                MR. BAUGH: I know you are, Your Honor, so
10
    I'm going to --
11
                THE COURT: And I've tried to give each
12
    counsel a chance to tell me something that would help me
13
    about balancing the witness security.
14
                And I understand you're in a difficult place
15
    as well, and that is that you've got a client to
16
    represent. But I also have the impression that the
17
    government's turned over a lot of information already.
18
    And some of the individuals present -- I have some idea
19
    about what's going on here. It's not out of the clear
20
    blue sky. There's something going on here where
21
    information provided to you so far gives you some idea of
22
    what's coming. You have some idea of what's coming.
23
                MR. BAUGH: Your Honor, there's a lot of
24
    information. And the biggest problem is whittling
25
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through it. I mean, we're looking for needles in a pile
1
    of needles.
2
                THE COURT: That's why I gave you almost
3
    11 months for trial.
 4
                MR. BAUGH: Yes, you did, Your Honor.
5
                THE COURT: You've already had 4 months to go
 6
7
    through those calls. So telling me that you won't have
    the calls in 11 months, I'm not going to hear any motion
8
    to continue. I've given you as much time as you're going
    to get in a death penalty case, and this is not a death
10
    penalty case any more.
11
                MR. BAUGH: No, it's not.
12
                THE COURT: Don't procrastinate, lawyers.
13
    I'm sure you're not because there won't be any
14
    continuances. We're going forward in March.
15
                            That's fine.
                MR. BAUGH:
                                           And also the
16
    earlier you give us that information, the faster the
17
    trial could go.
18
                THE COURT: I'm not in any hurry about the
19
    trial days because I want you to have a chance to present
20
                I understand your point, but unless there's
21
    your case.
    something more, I don't have anything more I can offer
22
23
    you.
                MR. BAUGH:
                            I'm just leaning towards as much.
24
    By the way, one thing you said 90 days, at least 90 days.
25
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THE COURT: Lawyers with their qualifiers,
1
    absolutely. I agree, at least.
2
                Ms. Amato, you don't have to stand up, at
3
    least 90 days.
4
                You do not have to stand up, Mr. Salvato, at
5
    least -- no less than -- I understand completely,
 6
    including and up to business days. I got it all.
7
                MR. BAUGH:
                             Thank you.
8
                MS. TAYLOR: Your Honor, Gretchen Taylor for
9
    Rosales Villegas, number four on your list.
10
                THE COURT: Yes, let's take that up now.
11
                MS. TAYLOR:
                             It's pretty much a very similar
12
    issue that we were just discussing with Mr. Baugh,
13
    Document 340, my motion for production of exculpatory
14
    information. I know this is Brady information.
15
    provided a very specific list.
16
                And really it's to aid the government as to
17
    what things we're specifically looking for that can go to
18
    witness's credibility, bias, impeachment, all these
19
    things. I believe it all should be encompassed in Brady.
20
    I don't have anything to add other than a protective
21
    order I think is the best way to allay witness concerns,
22
    Your Honor.
23
                THE COURT: All right, thank you.
24
                All right. I believe I've now covered one,
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two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight. I've not 1 covered nine, ten -- nine and ten. 2 MR. CHICK: Good morning again, Your Honor. 3 Mike Chick on behalf of Mr. Paiz Guevara. I am here on 4 both motions nine and ten. 5 Before I get into that, just to -- on the 6 issue that the Court is going into with respect to 7 alleviating the concerns of security and that sort of 8 thing, I don't know that this -- I don't know that this gives the Court a solution, but I think that it's 10 something that the Court should also consider in 11 determining how much time is -- is appropriate in this 12 case. 13 And that is the -- under the particular -- I 14 know that problems have arisen in the past, but under the 15 particular facts of this case --16 THE COURT: What type of problems are you 17 referring to? 18 MR. CHICK: Problems with witness security 19 and witness safety and that sort of things, that the 20 Court referenced has happened in this court in the past. 21 Under this particular case, with respect to 22 my client, Mr. Paiz Guevara, I think it is important for 23 the Court in making that time determination to consider 24 the fact that, number one, there's -- we know, we do know 2.5

2.5

of certain people who are cooperating with the government already. We know of multiple people -- at least two people, but I think more people who are cooperating with the government already.

And at this point, there's been certainly -- and we've known some of them for quite some time. At this point, there's certainly been no evidence or suggestions of evidence of any -- anything inappropriately done by my client with respect to that information or those witnesses. I think that's something that the Court should certainly take into account with respect to this case.

And, the other thing is, with respect to this case, there's also absolutely no evidence that Mr. Paiz Guevara is any -- is a person within the gang who is -- who's authorized to issue what they call a green light or who is authorized to make those calls.

There's no evidence that he's been in communication with anybody in the gang. There's no evidence that he's in fact -- in fact, there is evidence that he is not an initiated member of the gang.

THE COURT: Mr. Paiz Guevara is not the only person in MS-13, and I'm not saying that he is, who is accused of crimes in this case. And there are other individuals in MS-13 who still reside in our community.

We know that.

So, the point is do you have some specific suggestion? I'm listening.

MR. CHICK: Your Honor, I don't have a specific suggestion, but it sounds to me like the Court -- I guess we don't know yet what number the Court is landing on, and we're talking about 90 and all these kinds of things. I think those are things the Court should also take into consideration in making that determination as to what an appropriate number is.

THE COURT: Please know that I'm trying to be as thoughtful as I possibly can about these matters from both sides weighing and balancing the matters before the Court. And I've intentionally given the lawyers an extended period of time to prepare for trial in the case on purpose, intentionally expecting that you all will do whatever it is you need to do to be ready.

MR. Chick: Yes, sir. I can tell that you and we're very, very appreciative of that. And -- these cases are a lot more difficult to prepare and to investigate and to discuss, to find witnesses that we need to talk to and to go over those things. I know that there are many other --

THE COURT: Concerning your motion for investigative materials pertaining to Parkview Locos

Salvatruchas Clique MS-13, my first question is what specifically are you asking for? What is it that you want?

MR. CHICK: Your Honor, I know based on doing gang cases in the past that the government, including agencies that I know are working with the government, including the Fairfax County Police Department and their gang unit that is working with the government, I know that they have things such as field interview cards when they -- when they are in the field and they're doing their investigations on cases, that they've had contact with people who are involved or alleged to be involved in this case, whether they're co-defendants of Mr. Paiz Guevara, whether it's Mr. Paiz Guevara, or whether it's people who are non-charged participants in these alleged events.

And if there is information that the police have with respect to those people within this clique, I believe that we are entitled to it.

THE COURT: Incriminating information?

MR. CHICK: Incriminating information.

Information that shows that they have different roles and involvement in the gang than my client does.

I believe that the evidence in this case -- well, I won't go -- I'm not going to go into that, but --

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THE COURT: I want to understand your theory of what you want the government to disclose concerning contacts with law enforcement, with other members of the MS-13 who are either before the Court or not before the Court where there's a conspiracy to commit murder in aid of racketeering charge.

So, what is it that you're specifically thinking that they have that you want that you're entitled to?

MR. CHICK: Your Honor, I believe they have information about -- about who the people are involved in -- in the alleged cases here who are higher ranks

members and who are lower ranking members, who are more

involved, who are not involved, who are initiated, who

are not initiated and I believe that that's all

I also believe --

information that is useful to us at trial.

THE COURT: I don't understand. I have a specific indictment here with specific charges. Are you suggesting that there's some unindicted co-conspirators who are higher up who were present who should be disclosed?

 $$\operatorname{MR}.$ CHICK: Your Honor, I think that is a real possibility.

THE COURT: I'm not trying to throw theories

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I'm trying to understand yours. What is your
    at vou.
1
    theory?
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                MR. Chick: Your Honor, that is something
3
    that I believe is very possibly true based on what I've
4
    looked into in the case.
5
                THE COURT: How would that exculpate Mr. Paiz
 6
    Guevara?
7
                MR. CHICK: Your Honor, one of the other
8
    things that I believe about this case is I believe the
9
    facts of the case with respect to -- to prove murder, you
10
    have to prove premeditation. And I believe that there
11
    are facts that -- to suggest that my client didn't have
12
    that premedication.
13
                THE COURT: You'll have a chance to present
14
    that in your examination of the witnesses and at trial.
15
    This is a pretrial hearing where you asked me to order
16
    the government to give you information about
17
    investigations into the PVLS Clique MS-13 as exculpatory.
18
    If you can articulate a theory under which it is
19
    exculpatory, I'll consider it. So far you have not.
20
                MR. CHICK: Your Honor, I'm trying my best to
21
    articulate it.
22
                THE COURT: I'm not trying to throw stumbling
23
    blocks in your mind. You filed this motion. You filed a
24
    brief. So what is it?
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MR. CHICK: Your Honor, I believe the information that shows the comparative levels of involvement of the individuals in this case will show that my client is -- is at best, at best, a low man on the totem pole and that my client didn't even know -- he wasn't told certain information that other people certainly were told and that they knew.

And I think that the information I'm seeking helps to support that claim that helps support the information that we already believe we have that will show that.

All right.

MR. Chick: So that's why we're asking for it. And one other thing that I think makes it helpful to us and exculpatory is this is a little bit of a unique case in that I believe that the information they have, the general information they have on the gang itself and on the dangers of the gang and the allure of the gang and people who they believe are typically targeted to be -- to join the gang, and all of those things, I believe that they're also useful to us in preparing for trial in this particular case.

So --

THE COURT: Well, the defense can hire a gang expert if you want, and the defense can identify

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witnesses who can say that they resisted alleged attempts to entice into the gang. I -- let's move to the next motion which is presentence reports and plea agreements. Now, I would be shocked if the government tried to call a witness that they had not disclosed to you the plea agreement and any monies or things they've given them. So, putting that aside for a moment, what -why would you need access to the presentence report of any witness? And is there a particular witness you're thinking of? MR. CHICK: Your Honor, this motion was also made under -- under Brady and the other relevant cases. In my experience, in cases with co-defendants and in presentence reports, one of the things that is done is there's an offender's version of the facts. And I believe that the offender's motion of the facts in presentence reports that have been -- that have been done for these particular individuals will show that my client -- will show that my client -- that his level of culpability is not what the government is suggesting that it is. THE COURT: All right. MR. Chick: And that's why I'm asking for

And quite honestly, I don't have any information

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about mental health problems or any good faith basis to
1
    say that there are mental health issues that might exist.
2
    But I guess if they did, I would certainly want that.
3
    But I don't have any good faith basis for that. But I do
 4
    have a good faith basis to say that I believe that those
5
    statements from the co-defendants, that they will be
 6
7
    favorable to my client in terms of his level of
    culpability.
8
                THE COURT: All right. Well, thank you very
    much, Mr. Chick.
10
                MR. CHICK: Thank you, Your Honor.
11
                MR. BURNHAM:
                               Can I be heard briefly on
12
    motion number nine?
13
                            Identify yourself for the record,
                THE COURT:
14
    please.
15
                               I'm sorry. Charles Burnham for
                MR. BURNHAM:
16
    defendant Romero Cruz.
17
                THE COURT: Number nine is?
18
                MR. BURNHAM:
                               Is the motion that Your Honor
19
    was just discussing with Mr. Chick about investigative
20
    materials on PVLS. I join that motion, but I have two
21
    specific points that I think applies specifically to my
22
    client.
23
                The government's theory, so far as I can
24
    discern it, depends on my client not only being a member
25
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of MS-13 but given the fact that he's been incarcerated at all relevant times occupying a position of some authority.

I think the fact that the government is proceeding under such a theory makes two specific categories of information on the Parkviews certainly material and very probably exculpatory or impeaching for Mr. Guevara, my client's perspective.

Those two categories are one, information tending to show that Mr. Romero Cruz did not, in fact, occupy any position of authority within MS-13. That's number one. And number two, information tending to show that other individuals occupied the positions of authority that would have been necessary to occupy in order to control the activities of the Parkview clique during the relevant time period covered by the indictment.

We'd ask the Court to order the government to turn over any materials on the Parkviews from local police, from any -- I think that clearly they're required to conduct *Brady* review that includes the Prince William County, Fairfax Police Department and turn over any information responsive to those two requests.

THE COURT: All right. So your point is that Mr. Cruz allegedly was in jail at the time all these

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things took place --
1
                MR. BURNHAM: Yes.
2
                THE COURT: -- and was not a leader or a
3
    supervisor in the organization so would not have had any
4
    involvement in the conspiracy; is that right?
5
                MR. BURNHAM:
                             Yes.
 6
                THE COURT: All right. Let me hear from the
7
    government.
8
                MR. BURNHAM: Thank you, Your Honor.
                MR. TOBLER:
                              Thank you, Your Honor.
10
    may, I'll begin by responding to the issue of timing with
11
    respect to this disclosures of Giglio and Jencks and
12
    Brady.
13
                THE COURT: If you would focus on this first.
14
    We'll go back to that.
15
                MR. TOBLER:
                              I can, of course.
                                                 I'd like to
16
    frame this issue about the PVLS materials just by citing
17
    a few basic principles of discovery.
18
                The government is not required to disclose
19
    all evidence -- it doesn't have a duty to disclose any
20
    exculpatory evidence that's available within the
21
    possession or within its reach. The government simply
22
    doesn't have that responsibility, nor does it --
23
                THE COURT: Say that again. Repeat what you
24
    just said.
25
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MR. TOBLER: The government's not required to
1
    divulge every possible shred of evidence that could
2
    conceivably benefit the defendant, nor does our duty to
3
    disclose exculpatory evidence require us to make
 4
    available all evidence within the government's possible
5
    reach.
 6
                And, I believe that the defendant's
7
    request --
8
                THE COURT: This is evidence that's within
    the government's possession; is that right?
10
                 MR. TOBLER:
                              No, of course, all evidence
11
    within the government's possession, the investigating
12
    agencies that is exculpatory needs to be disclosed to the
13
    defense, Your Honor.
14
                THE COURT: All right.
15
                              But I believe that the
                MR. TOBLER:
16
    defendant's request runs afoul of both of these
17
    principles.
18
                First, the request is potentially staggering
19
    in its scope and would require the government to
20
    potentially amass a tremendous amount of information.
21
                PVLS, Your Honor, is not merely a local
22
             It has a presence throughout the United States
23
    and Central America.
24
                And as Your Honor is well aware, the Federal
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Bureau of Investigations which is an investigating agency in this case, and Homeland Security, are not local law enforcement agencies.

Nevertheless, the defendant seeks essentially, if you look at their motion, all law enforcement investigative materials in possession of these agencies that relate to the PVLS clique of MS-13. This is far, far beyond what relevant discovery authorities require.

And none of the defendants, Your Honor, respectfully have cited any case in which the government has had that sort of duty to go out and collect these vast troves of information on behalf of defendants.

And not only that, Your Honor, as we pointed out in our papers, even assuming we could pull all those materials together from all corners, it would implicate grave security concerns as those documents that they request are undoubtedly replete with information about victims --

THE COURT: The question has to be one of relevance in the instance to this indictment as it relates to PVLS. I understand that.

What is your view concerning the issue of whether Mr. Cruz was a leader or organizer of this alleged PVLS clique and evidence that he was not -- that

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the government has that he was not the boss or that he was not the leader? You would agree that if you have evidence that he was not the boss or not the leader, you would have to disclose that as exculpatory, wouldn't you? MR. TOBLER: We would. If I may, our about opposition is to this requirement that we go out and collect data about PVLS generally. THE COURT: I understand. My focus -- my question was as it relates to his leadership, Mr. Cruz's leadership of this alleged clique that's involved in the allegations of the indictment. You agree that if there's evidence you have from any officer or witness that Mr. Cruz was not the boss or the supervisor, it's exculpatory, and you'd have to disclose it, right? MR. TOBLER: Yes, Your Honor. THE COURT: Okay. MR. TOBLER: And just making the point, I believe, Your Honor has already alluded to it yourself, but, whether these exculpatory materials, these quote unquote exculpatory materials relating to parallel investigations from presumably any where in the United States or Central America can be used to differentiate the culpability of one defendant versus the next, there's

no authority requiring us to go out and collect that

information.

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And Your Honor, you heard Mr. Baugh himself say that there's a lot of information already in this case and we're winnowing through it.

And I would just also add, under the rules of evidence, information about parallel cases would not in the government's estimation be admissible under Rule 401 as relevant, nor would it be admissible under Rule 403.

So, that I wish to make those points about the breadth of that motion. And I'm happy to continue to the next motion if you'd like.

THE COURT: Well, I just wanted to say it does not appear that there's a specific request for access to a specific presentence report.

However, if there is a government witness who has some issue involving mental health bearing on truthfulness or addictions that bear on truthfulness, do you agree you'd have to disclose that?

MR. TOBLER: We do, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Tell me -- now turn to what you want to talk about which is when. Now, I have the government's proposed order which is document number 439-1 that you all filed back in August. And I think you all make some specific offers in that motion -- in that order, but all the defendants rejected it. And

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so I understand that. That order only gave them ten days on *Jencks* and -- ten business days. And I think that that is really insufficient. But you have 30 calendar days for others.

Tell me what you -- what do you propose -- what's the government's prepared to offer?

MR. TOBLER: Yes, Your Honor, we believe that the proposal, proposed discovery order that you alluded to is fair and will give the defendants sufficient time to prepare for trial.

As -- as several of the defendants mentioned today, Your Honor entered an order last Friday addressing the issue of -- the defendants sought citing many of the same arguments that you've heard today, the immediate disclosure of the identity of confidential informants. And the government opposed it on the grounds that we would oppose these motions as well, early disclosure, that is. And that is that we are attempting, as the Court has alluded to, to balance some very serious safety concerns.

Our proposal is that 30 days for exculpatory materials, ten days for impeachment materials and *Jencks* is sufficient. And that tracks not only the --

THE COURT: Thirty business days or 30 days before trial? I think you've --

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MR. TOBLER: Days, Your Honor, calendar days, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Calendar days, okay.

MR. TOBLER: And we believe that not only tracks the order that Your Honor entered last Friday, but it does also track the case of *Beckford* in which there was -- the analogous case, Your Honor, cited by the defendants as well as the government, is a capital case involving multiple defendants.

And there the Court gave the parties only three days, required the government to produce impeachment materials and witness statements, including exculpatory information only three days before beginning of trial.

So the proposal that the government has made is actually more generous to the defense than what the Court found suitable in that case.

I would also mention, Your Honor, in that case, there is a reference -- the judge in *Beckford* case made a reference, in fact, that there might be certain types of exculpatory materials that he referred to as quote unquote "facially exculpatory", including alibi evidence and evidence that someone other than the defendants that were charged with the offense might have committed the charged offense.

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And even with respect to that information,
which the Court allowed may require that -- may need to
go out to the defendants earlier to allow them to conduct
the type of investigation that Mr. Baugh referred to, the
Court gave them 30 days in that case.
            Now the government, I can represent does
not -- is not currently aware of any of that type of
facially exculpatory evidence in this case.
Nevertheless, we have put forward 30 days as a deadline
for exculpatory information.
            We think that that's fair and we're willing
to abide by it, Your Honor.
            THE COURT: Are you willing, with respect to
law enforcement witnesses on Giglio, go earlier than ten
davs?
            MR. TOBLER: Yes, Your Honor. Again, we
would ask for ten days. But we recognize the arguments
that have been made today, and we think that -- we
appreciate that the safety concerns with respect to that
sort of evidence, assuming there is any, are of a
different nature to the United States.
            THE COURT: All right. That's all I have.
think I've covered now --
            MR. TOBLER: Thank you.
            THE COURT: -- all eleven motions on the
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list.
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                Does everyone who wanted to be heard, has
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    been heard?
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                MR. BAUGH: As counsel in the Beckford
 4
    case --
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                THE COURT: Come to the podium if you will.
 6
7
    I'm going to take a recess and come back and give you
    some further direction, but come up.
8
                 MR. BAUGH: You can take the recess first.
                THE COURT: If you have something you want to
10
    say -- Mr. Baugh, you have to state your name for the
11
    record.
12
                MR. BAUGH: I'm sorry. David Baugh for the
13
    defendant, Paiz Guevara.
14
                One of the problems with Beckford which was
15
    cited by the United States is that in the Beckford case,
16
    the trial judge in that case, when he said impeachment,
17
    and he points it out, he's talking about convictions. He
18
    didn't understand that impeachment can be more than a
19
    conviction. And so, we are asking for more.
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                Secondly, I want to point out and I don't
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    mean to tax you. I think when my co-counsel asked for
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    investigative materials pertaining to Salvatruchas, I
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    know from my experience and maybe in other cases, this
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    Court is too, your local police will walk up on a group
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of young Hispanic men and take pictures and check their
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    tattoos and ask them who they are. And there are
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    intelligent files in local police on various cliques.
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                If there is an intelligence file that
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    indicates that some of these people are not in that file,
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    we would submit that that's -- that intelligence file
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    should be turned over to us.
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                THE COURT: I want to make sure I'm clear
8
    what you're saying.
9
                MR. BAUGH:
                             Thank you.
10
                THE COURT: If law enforcement have had
11
    contacts with members of MS-13 they think are PVLS --
12
                MR. BAUGH:
                             Yes.
13
                THE COURT: -- and going through their index,
14
    Mr. Paiz Guevara's name does not appear, they have an
15
    obligation to disclose that? Is that what you're saying?
16
                MR. BAUGH:
                             I believe they are.
                                                  If they have
17
    intelligence files of my client or any other client is
18
    not in their intelligence file as being a probable or
19
    plausible member, we should be tendered that as Brady.
20
                 THE COURT:
                           All right. I'm going to take
21
    about a 15-minute recess and come back and give you
22
    further instructions.
23
                Thank you very much.
24
                            Thank you, Your Honor.
                MR. BAUGH:
2.5
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(Court recessed at 11:38 a.m. and reconvened
1
    at 12:00 p.m.)
2
                THE COURT: Counsel, I've now considered all
3
    of the pending non-evidentiary motions that are not
4
    subject of my prior order. Given the complexity of the
5
    case and the motions, my plan is to issue a written
 6
    ruling in due course which will be in the next several
7
    weeks on all the pending motions in writing.
8
                So, to be clear, I'm going to issue a written
    ruling to all the motions that have been filed.
10
                I just want to make an observation. This is
11
    not to be interpreted as a complaint.
                                            It's an
12
    observation.
1.3
                We have interpreters for all the lawyers in
14
               And interpreters can certainly be used to
    the case.
15
    interpret orders that you might receive from the court.
16
    I would caution you not to order the interpreters to
17
    translate in writing and to prepare a written translation
18
    of all the orders of the court, typically court orders.
19
    It's very, very costly.
20
                And, it is better to have the interpreter
21
    just sit down with you and your client to go over the
22
             So that's just some guidance for counsel and for
23
    the interpreters as well.
24
                So, my plan, to be clear, is to issue a
25
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written ruling on all the pending motions. And what I'd
1
    like to do now is to recess this case, except for
2
    Mr. Chavez and counsel for the government. So you all
 3
    are free to leave.
 4
                  (Proceeding concluded at 12:01 p.m.)
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CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

I, Renecia Wilson, an official court

reporter for the United State District Court of Virginia,

Alexandria Division, do hereby certify that I reported by

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machine shorthand, in my official capacity, the proceedings had upon the motions in the case of United States of America vs. Pedro Anthony Romero Cruz, et al.

I further certify that I was authorized and did report by stenotype the proceedings and evidence in

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereto subscribed my name this 14th day of December, 2015.

said motions, and that the foregoing pages, numbered 1 to

72, inclusive, constitute the official transcript of said

proceedings as taken from my shorthand notes.

/s/ Renecia Wilson, RMR, CRR Official Court Reporter